PRE BOARD EXAMINATION - (2023-24)

CHANDIGARH REGION

CLASS : XII SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE (083) MARKING SCHEME

TIME: 3 HRS

MM:70

Ques. No.	Question	Marks
	SECTION A	
1	Ans: TRUE	1
2	Ans: a	1
3	Ans: c	1
4	Ans: a:	1
5	Ans: d	1
6	Ans : b	1
7	Ans: a	1
8	Ans: d	1
9	Ans: b	1
10	Ans: b	1
11	Ans: c	1
12	Ans: c	1
13	False	1
14	Ans: d	1
15	Ans: Packet Switching	1
16	Ans: a	1
17	Ans: a Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation for A	1
18	Ans: c A is True but R is False	1

	SECTION B	
19	Expand the following terms related to Computer Networks:	1+1=2
	i.	
	a. SMTP – SIMPLE MAIL TRANSFER PROTOCOL	
	b. POP – POST OFFICE PROTOCOL OR POINT OF PRESENCE	
	ii. optical Fibre and Microwave	
	OR	
	i. CORRECT DEFINITION FULL MARKS. 1 MARK FOR PARTIAL CORRECT	
	ii. ¹ / ₂ mark for Advantage, ¹ / ₂ mark for disadvantage	
20	def oddtoeven(L):	2
20	for i in range(len(L)):	-
	<u>if(</u> L[i]%2 !=0):	
	L[i] = L[i]*2	
	print(L)	
	¹ / ₂ mark for each correction.	
21	Ans:	2
	<pre>city ={1:"Delhi",2:"London",3:"Kolkata",4:"New York",5:"Moscow"}</pre>	
	<pre>def count(city): for c in city.values():</pre>	
	if len(c)<7:	
	<pre>print(c.upper()) count(citu)</pre>	
	count(city)	
	OR	
	Ans:	
	str = "this too shall pass"	
	def Words Length(str):	
	K = []	
	L = str.split()	
	for word in L:	
	<pre>length = len(word)</pre>	
	K.append(length)	
	return K	
	x = Words_Length(str)	
22	Ans:	2
	4#F	
	31#2 23#F	
	12#4	
23	Ans: 8 # 40 # 29 # 13 #	1+1=2
23	OR	1+1-2
	unchanged(30, 50)	
	changed(16, 50)	
	unchanged(16, 22)	
	changed(11, 22)	
24	Ans: Alter Table Employee Add Primary Key(Empno);	2
∠4	$\begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \end{bmatrix}$	2

	OR	
	Alter Table School Change sid Student_id int Primary key;	
25	Ans: Before calling fun2: 100 x in func()2 200 After calling fun2: 100 x in main:	2
	SECTION C	
26	pYTHOn#@#.1	3
27	(i) CHESS CRICKET VOLLEYBALL	1*3=3
	KARATE	
	(ii) AMRITA CHESS AMINA CHESS	
	(iii) MEENA 23 1000	
	AMINA 36 1100	
28	Write a function in Python to read a text file, Story.txtand displaysthose lines which	3
	begin with the word 'Once'.	
	Ans:	
	<pre>def test(): file = open("story.txt","r") ch = file.readlines() for line in ch: L = line.split() if L[0]=="once": print(line)</pre>	
	OR	
	Write a method COUNTLINES() in Python to read lines from text file 'FILE.TXT' and display the no. of lines which are starting with any vowel.	
	Ans: def COUNTLINES() : file = open ('TESTFILE.TXT','r') lines = file.readlines() count=0 for w in lines :	
	<pre>if (w[0]).lower() in 'aeoiu'count = count + 1 print ("The number of lines starting with anyvowel: ", count)</pre>	
	[3]	

	file.close()	
	 (¹/₂ mark for correctly opening and closing the file ¹/₂ for readlines() ¹/₂ mar for correct loop ¹/₂ for correct if statement ¹/₂ mark for correctly incrementing count ¹/₂ mark for displaying the correct output) 	
29	Based on the given table, write SQL queries for the following:	1*3=3
	(i) Update HRM set salary = salary $*1.05$ where incentive I NULL;	
	(ii) Select name, salary + incentive as "Total Salary" from HRM;	
	(iii) nDelete from HRM where designation = "supervisor" and salary < 50000;	
30	<pre>status=[] def Push_element(patient): if patient[2]=="Delhi": Ll=[pateint[0],patient[1]] status.append(Ll) def Pop_element (): num=len(status) while len(status)!=0: dele=status.pop() print(dele) num=num-1 else: print("Stack Empty")</pre>	3
	SECTION D	
31	 Write SQL queries : i. Select Iname,Cname from item,company where Item.cid = company.cid; ii. Describe item. iii. Select Cid,max(rating) from Item group by cid; iv. Select iname,price,rating from item order by rating asc. 	5

32	import cou	4
52	<pre>import csv def Input():</pre>	4
	headings=["Player ID", "Player Name", "Game", "Result"]	
	<pre>sid=int(input("Enter Student ID "))</pre>	
	<pre>sname=input("Enter Student Name ")</pre>	
	<pre>game= input("Enter name of game ") </pre>	
	res=input("Enter Result") data=[sid,sname,game,res]	
	f=open('sports.csv', 'a', newline='')	
	csvwriter=csv.writer(f)	
	csvwriter.writerow(headings)	
	csvwriter.writerow(data)	
	f.close()	
	<pre>def Winner_count(): C = 0</pre>	
	f=open('sports.csv','r')	
	csvreader=csv.reader(f,delimiter=',')	
	head=list(csvreader)	
	<pre>print(head[0])</pre>	
	for x in head:	
	<pre>if x[3]=="WON": print(x)</pre>	
	C = C + 1	
	print(C)	
	f.close()	
	Input()	
	Winner_count()	
	 ¹/₂ mark for writing headings ¹/₂ mark for writing row ¹/₂ mark for accepting data correctly ¹/₂ mark for opening and closing file ¹/₂ mark for writing headings 	
	¹ / ₂ mark for writing row	-
	SECTION E	
33	(i). Admin Block.	
	(ii). 1 mark for correct layout.	
	(iii). Switch / Hub.	
	(iv) Ethernet Cable	
	(v) Firewall.	
34	(i) 2 marks for correct definition	
57		
	(ii) 3 marks for correct function	
35	Row is called as tuple in relational data model.	
1		

```
import mysql.connector as mysql
       conl=mysql.connect(host="localhost",user="root",password="tiger",database="HRM")
       mycursor=conl.cursor()
       eno = int(input("enter employee number"))
       ename = input("enter employee name")
       DOB = input("enter date of birth")
       Salary = float(input("enter salary"))
       query=("insert into emp values{{},'{}','{}', {}}".format(eno,ename,DOB,Salary))
       mycursor.execute(query)
       data = mycursor.fetchall()
       for rec in data:
              print(rec)
       conl.close()
                      OR
 Primary key can never be NULL but UNIQUE can be NULL. Primary Key can be only
one in a
             table. Unique can be applied on more than one column
import mysql.connector as mysql
conl=mysql.connect(host="localhost",user="root",password="tiger",database="HRM")
mycursor=conl.cursor()
query=("select * from Product where salary>{}".format(10000))
mycursor.execute(query)
data = mycursor.fetchall()
for rec in data:
       print (rec)
conl.close()
<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> mark for importing correct module
1 mark for correct connect()
<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> mark for correctly accepting the input
1 \frac{1}{2} mark for correctly executing the query
<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> mark for correctly using commit()
```